Indigenous Self-Determination and Equity in Diabetes



Presented by:

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Presented to: the Type 2 Diabetes Network, BCPSQC

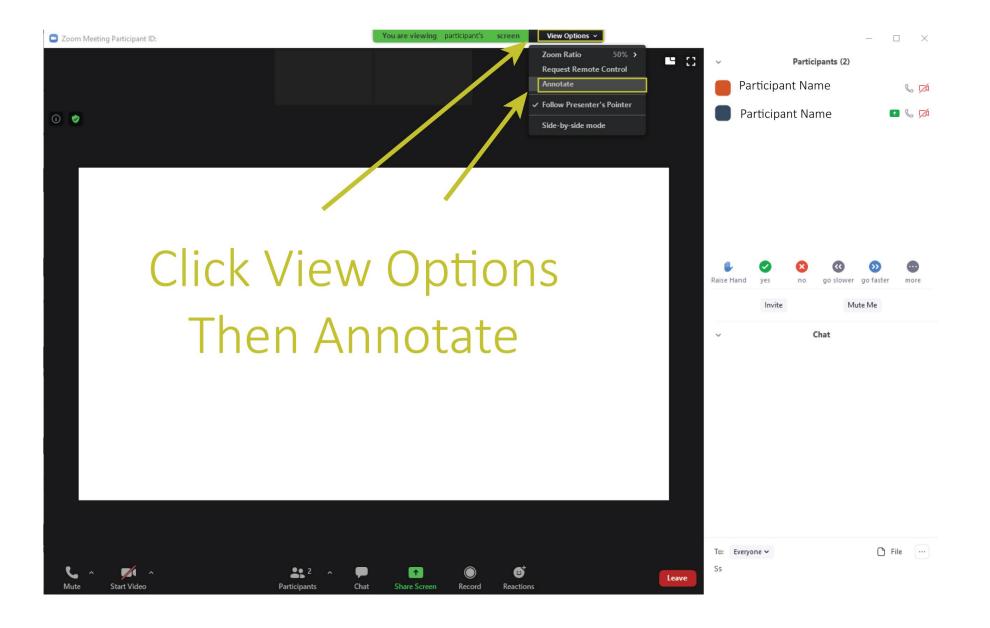
Introductions

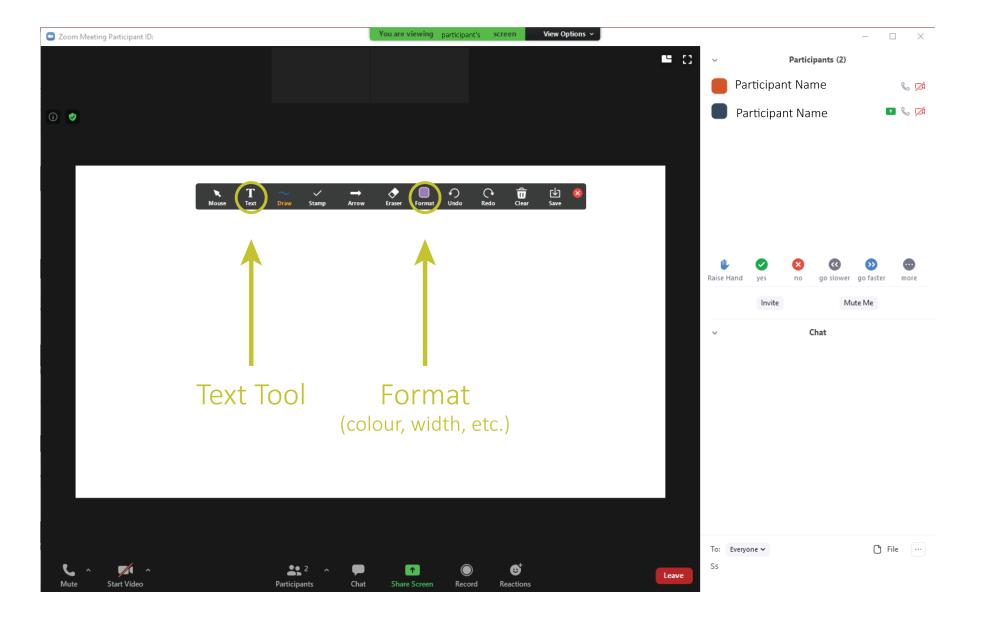


Valerie Suli'xwi'ye Bob



Tessie Harris





What supports wellness?

Learning Objectives

To summarize the relationship between colonialism and Indigenous determinants of health, and rates/severity/experiences of Type 2 Diabetes

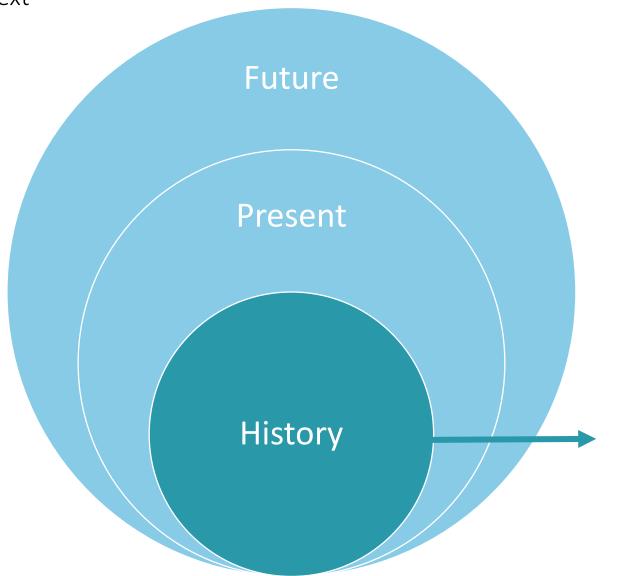
To share what selfdetermination represents at the individual, community and system levels To provide examples of Indigenous self determination in diabetes care

Call to action: to consider and action increased equity within diabetes care and services





Context



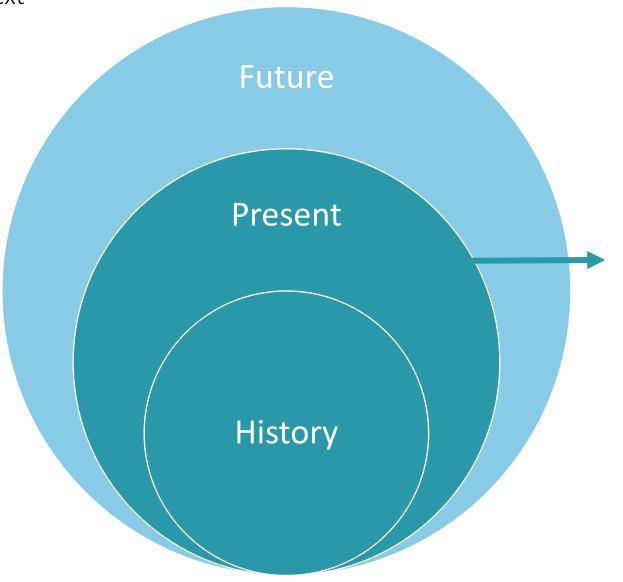
Thriving and complex, sophisticated communities

Colonial violence through policies, programs, deprivation, denial, discrimination

Incredible losses —> complex, historical and intergenerational **trauma**

Relationships to land, culture, language and ceremony were **intentionally severed** by colonial actions

Context



Disproportionately higher rates of diabetes*

- 5% non-Indigenous population
- 12.3% First Nation living off reserve
- 17.2% First Nation living on reserve

Limited access to diabetes services, education, supports

Structures and systems: health, economic, environmental

*Source: Public Health Agency of Canada



SITUATING MY Current work and research:

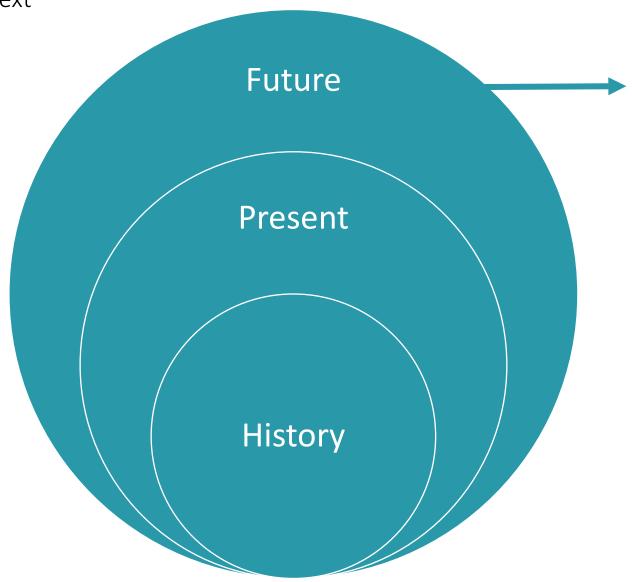
9 South Vancouver Island communities share a common philosophy, language (Sencoten) and ancestral knowledge:

Schelangen – Is the "**WAY of LIFE**" handed down through the millenia...passed on through strict oral histories of the cosmos, the land, animals, birds, creatures, fish, sea dwellers. It is not a myth, legend, or story. It is a way of life that guides us through our rights of passage from before birth to the end of our physical bodies that returns to the world of our ancestors. Guiding principles.

The SENCOTEN language is embedded in the land and all the knowledge seen and unseen pass through in countless SEASONAL ROUNDS...When we share this knowledge with our children there is no end to that knowledge. The teachings live on and never become a project or program but a daily act of LIVING.

Saltwater People, who once lived as much on the sea as on land, the tides were the clock that fixed our daily activities. The moon that signaled Winter storms also warned us to put our paddles away and stay on land. Some moons were also signs to prepare for the annual cycle of the reef fishery that distinguished us from other people. As a people without any major rivers we learned to create artificial reefs when the salmon passed through our Straits.

Context



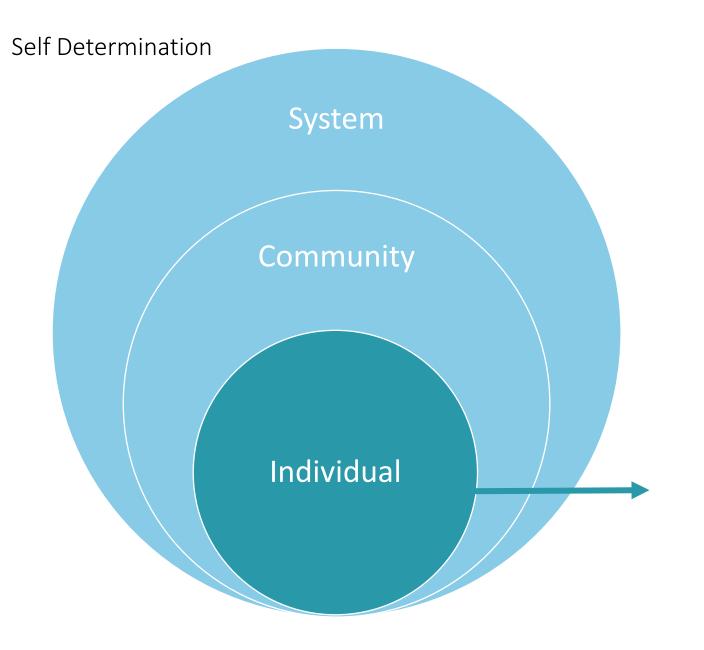
Transformation of services to be:

- Place based
- Trauma informed
- Strengths based
- Economically viable
- From traditional and modern science
- Built upon local strengths, assets and knowledge

Research, planning, design and delivery of any programs or services is **led by Indigenous** people and communities

Restore **self determination** and agency

Transform collective experience from trauma to resilience and revitalization



Access to quality services

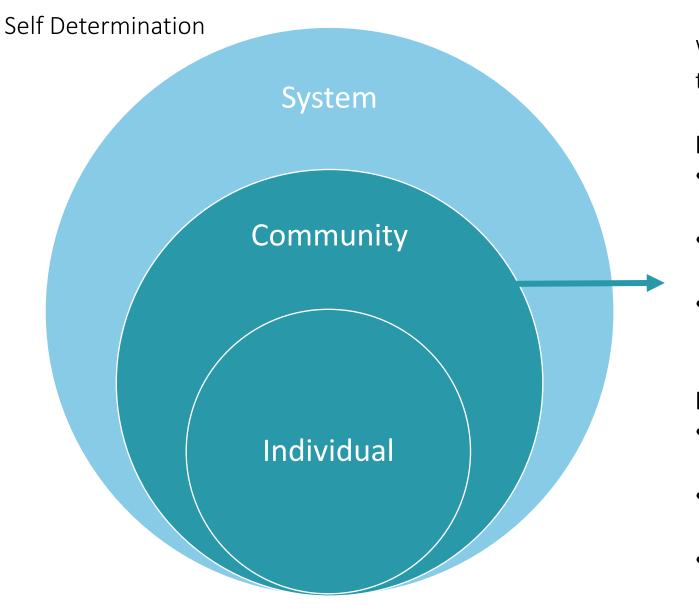
- Culturally based
- Reflective of Indigenous worldview(s) and perspectives of diabetes and wellness
- Locally available and accessible

Access to technology

CGBM system – empowerment and informed decision making

Agency

- Care plans and treatment plans are based on each person's priorities, needs and goals
- Respect and support



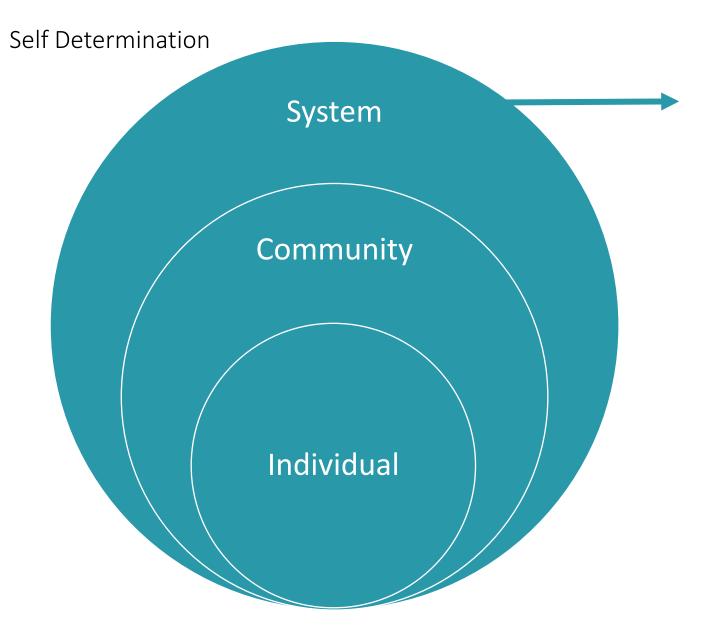
What is the community's **stage of readiness**, and their **capacity/priorities**?

Referrals and registries

- Streamlined connections between organizations and clinics
- Systems to follow clients and their care needs – RedCap
- Reduce barriers to referrals (e.g. requiring MD)

Programs led by community

- Structured in/informed by relevant and local context
- Building capacity within community members
- Inclusive of mental, emotional, physical and spiritual needs



Upholding Indigenous ways of knowing

New **funding** structures

Redistribution of **decision-making** authority

Data collection and infrastructure/systems to support monitoring progress

Collaborative and economic partnerships

Nimble, responsive and **flexible support** as needed (funding, information, education)

Examples, seeds of resurgence

Walking Together in the Same Direction

- Community engagement project on Vancouver Island
- Co-developing a culturally rooted model that will enhance the culture and resilience that is already
 present within the communities and bridge gaps in care
- Answering the question:
 - "How can we be who we are as First Nations people while integrating our Traditional knowledge with the best of Western approaches to diabetes care?"

Indigenous Diabetes Health Circle

- Promotes diabetes awareness and care from an Indigenous perspective
- Assists Indigenous communities in identifying appropriate resources and services, planning, prevention and awareness strategies





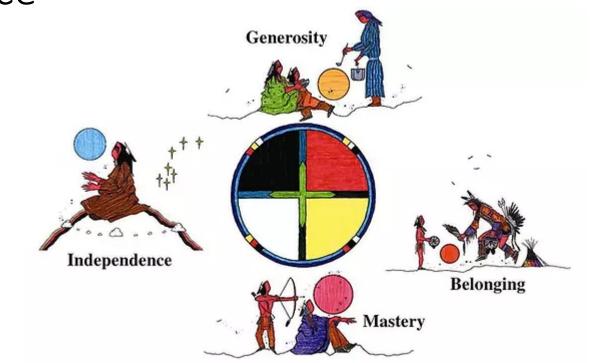
Examples, seeds of resurgence

Indigenous Youth Mentorship Program

- Resiliency-informed T2DM prevention and treatment through cultural connection and relationship
- Circle of Courage model of resilience

Tee-Cha-Chitl "Getting Well Again"

- Nuu-Chah-Nulth diabetes approach
- Bridging traditional knowledge, food sovereignty, and diabetes care
- Led by NTC communities, grounded in NTC values, local to NTC context





Review What supports wellness?

Calls to Action

GOAL: increased equity within diabetes care and services, through

- Transformation of health systems/programs to support Indigenous worldviews as foundation to programs rather than additions to existing programs
 - Indigenous leadership at every level for decision making, program design, program delivery
 - Individual, community and system levels
- Building capacity in community
 - Increasing access to education, financial resources, supports for communities to their train members to provide diabetes awareness, screening, and wellness support
 - Focus on planning (proactive/upstream), problem solving, by the community for the community
 - Establish the/a support network for additional supports as needed
 - Restore wholistic wellness values through investment in cultural revitalization incorporating language, art, music, stories, dance, traditional food and other cultural activities.

Calls to Action cont.

GOAL: increased equity within diabetes care and services, through

- Building a model of strengths based wellness indicators
 - For individuals, communities, and the health system
 - To guide the development of initiatives and programs
 - That reflect the values, priorities and strengths of each community



Q and A



Thank you

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Gayaxsixa (Hailhzaqvla)
Huy tseep q'u (Stz'uminus)
        Taawa (Haida)
  Gila'kasla (Kwakwaka'wakw)
Kleco Kleco (Nuu-Chah-Nulth)
 kwukwstéyp (Nlaka'pamux)
Snachailya (Carrier)
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Kukwstum'clhkal'ap (St'atimc)
   Tooyksim niin (Nisga'a)
  Kukwstsétsemc (Secwepemc)
     čεcεhaθεč (Ayajuthem)
  Sechanalyagh (Tsilhqot'in)
     kw'as ho:y (Haldeméylem)
  l'oyaxsim nisim (Gitxsan)
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